



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Post Mid-Term Examination (2025-26)

Class: VIII

Sub: MATHEMATICS

Max Marks: 30

Date: 30/11/2025

Set – 2 (ANSWER KEY)

Time: 1 hour.

Section A: Multiple Choice Question (Q.1 to Q.8) of **1** mark each

1.	The area of trapezium with parallel sides 12cm and 18cm and the distance between the parallel sides 7cm is:						
A		B		C	105cm ²	D	
2.	The one's place digit in cube of 142 is						
A	8	B		C		D	
3.	The lateral surface area of cube is 484cm ² . Its side length is:						
A		B		C		D	11cm
4.	Aravind took membership in a tennis club. The charge for using the tennis court for 3 hours is ₹180. How money does he have to pay if he uses the tennis court for 7 hours?						
A		B	₹420	C		D	
5.	Which of the following the numbers is a perfect cube?						
A		B	64000	C		D	
6.	If x varies directly as y and x=21 when y=27, find x when y=63						
A		B		C	49	D	
7.	The number of cubes of side length 7cm can be placed in a cuboidal box of dimensions 42cm×35cm×28cm is:						
A	120	B		C		D	

8.	The volume of a cuboid is 738 cm^3 , and its base area is 82 cm^2 . The height of the cuboid is:						
A		B		C	9cm	D	
Section B: Source based questions (Q.9 to Q.12) of 1 mark each							
9.	If $864 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$, The smallest number by which 864 to be multiplied to get a perfect cube						
A		B		C	2	D	
10.	How many beads must be added to reach the next perfect cube 1000?						
A	136	B		C		D	
11.	The worker removed the excess beads and arranged 729 beads in the box. The $\sqrt[3]{729}$ is:						
A		B	9	C		D	
12.	The value of $\frac{\sqrt[3]{512}}{\sqrt[3]{64}} \times \sqrt[3]{125}$ is:						
A		B		C	10	D	
Section C: Long Answer Questions (Q13 to Q.16)							
13.	$A=168\text{m}^2$. $d_1=16\text{m}$, $d_2=?$ $168 = \frac{1}{2} \times 16 \times d_2$ ($\frac{1}{2}$) $= 8 \times d_2$ ($\frac{1}{2}$) $d_2 = 168/8 = 21 \text{ cm}$ ($\frac{1}{2}$) + ($\frac{1}{2}$)						
14.	$2744 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$ first 3 factors 1m and next 3 factors ($\frac{1}{2}$)						
	2	2744					
	2	1372					
	2	686					

	7	343			
	7	49			
	7	7			
		1			
	$\sqrt[3]{2744} = 2 \times 7 = 14 \quad (1/2)$				
15.	$r = 7\text{cm} \quad h = 32\text{cm}$ $V = \pi r^2 h = \frac{22}{7} \times 7 \times 7 \times 32 = 4928\text{cm}^3 \quad (1/2 + 1/2 + 1/2 + 1/2)$ Total volume = $50 \times 4928 = 246400\text{cm}^3 \quad (1/2 + 1/2)$				
16.	No. of students (x)	6	16	x	Direct proportion, $\frac{x}{y} = \text{constant}$ table (1/2)
	Space in m^2 (y)	21	y	84	
	$6 \times y = 16 \times 21 \quad (1/2)$		$21 \times x = 6 \times 84 \quad (1/2)$		
	$Y = \frac{16 \times 21}{6} = 56 \text{ m}^2 \quad (1/2 + 1/2)$		$x = \frac{6 \times 84}{21} = 24 \text{ students} \quad (1/2)$		
Section D: Long Answer Question of 4 marks & Case study (Q.17 & Q.18)					
17.	$L = 120 \text{ cm} \quad b = 45\text{cm} \quad h = 90 \text{ cm}$ $\text{TSA} = 2 \times (lb + bh + lh) = 2 \times (120 \times 45 + 45 \times 90 + 120 \times 90) \quad (1\text{m})$ $= 2 \times (5400 + 4050 + 10800) \quad (1 1/2\text{m})$ $= 2 \times 20250 \quad (1/2)$ $= 40500 \text{ cm}^2 \quad (1/2)$ Area of 5 cabinets = $40500 \times 5 = 202500\text{cm}^2 \quad (1/2)$				

18.	Case Study	$3 \times a = 5 \times 750 \quad (1/2)$ $a = \frac{5 \times 750}{3} = 1250 \quad (1/2)$	$750 \times b = 3 \times 2250 \quad (1/2)$ $b = \frac{3 \times 2250}{750} = 9 \quad (1/2)$
		$3 \times c = 10 \times 750 \quad (1/2)$ $c = \frac{10 \times 750}{3} = 2500 \quad (1/2)$	$750 \times 9 = 3 \times 3000 \quad (1/2)$ $d = \frac{3 \times 3000}{750} = 12 \quad (1/2)$